

GDPR information sheet for all staff

Review Date: September 2023

Next Review Date: September 2024

Staff cheat sheet: how to keep personal data safe

Personal data: any information relating to an identifiable living person, e.g. name, contact details, ID numbers, attendance and assessment information, financial information

Sensitive personal data: includes information that reveals someone's ethnic origin, political opinions, religion, sexuality or health. In our school, it also means safeguarding information, and



Remember that data protection laws DO NOT stop you from reporting safeguarding concerns

 You must still report to the relevant people where you're concerned about a child. You do not need anyone's consent to do this

Only collect the information you actually need

- When you're requesting information (for example, via consent forms, admissions forms or surveys) ask yourself "Do I really need this? What will I actually use it for?"
- If you don't need it, or only want it "just in case", don't collect it
- If you've already collected personal information that you don't need, delete it

Keep personal data anonymous, if possible

 For example, if you're emailing a colleague about accommodating a pupil's religion, or about managing a pupil's medical condition, don't name the child if you don't need to

✓ Think before you put information up on the wall

- If your display is an essential part of teaching and learning, or helps to keep pupils safe, it's fine. This might include medical information, or a list of parents' evening appointments. Still only display the information you really need to
- If your display is non-essential, promotional, or there might be a safeguarding risk, either ask the pupil or parents for consent first or just don't display it

✓ Take care when you're taking personal information home with you

Sign documents containing personal data out and in from the school office

- Keep physical documents in a secure, closed folder along with your contact details in case the folder is lost
- Store the documents in a safe place at home don't leave them in your car or at a friend's house

✓ Practise good ICT security

- Passwords should be at least 8 characters, with upper and lower-case letters and special characters
- Password-protect documents and email attachments that include personal data
- Always double-check that you're emailing personal data to the correct person, who is authorised to see it
- Use 'bcc' when you're emailing a group of people who don't have email addresses for everyone else in the group, e.g. parents or volunteers



Leave personal data out on your desk

Keep your desk clear, so people cannot see information about others accidentally.
The same goes for personal data written on post-it notes, on top of the printer, or on an unattended computer screen

Take any sensitive personal information home with you

 If the information is confidential, sensitive or risky, it's best to leave it on the school site or computer system, where there are security measures and processes in place

X Use memory sticks

If you really need to use one, make sure it is encrypted

If something doesn't seem right, talk to SBM data processor who will contact our data protection officer (DPO):

. Claire Mehegan at claire.mehegan@london.anglican.org

Report immediately if you think personal data has been lost, stolen or wrongly disclosed. This is so we can quickly take steps to mitigate the impact of the breach.

You should also speak out if:

- > You have any concerns at all about keeping personal data safe
- You're introducing a new process or policy that involves using personal data
- ➤ Anyone asks you to see the data that we have about them this is called a 'subject access request' and our DPO will need to deal with this